BY J. L. PENNINGTON & CO.

THE DAILY

VOL. VI. RALEIGH, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. [illegible], 1865. NO. [illegible]

THE NEWS.

—For latest news see Fourth Page.

—Copper has been discovered in Maryland.

—A paper styled *The Independent African*, under joint proprietorship of a white and a colored man, is to be started in Charleston, S. C.

—Despatches describe the potato rot as alarming and prevalent in various sections of Michigan.

—Rebel General Gordon, was figured so prominently in the Virginia campaigns, is now keeping a grocery store in Atlanta, Ga.

—On the recommendation of Gov. Sharkey, John A. Nelsim was appointed Collector of Customs at Vicksburg, Miss.

—It is reported that Gen. Sherman has purchased the beautiful three story brick mansion recently erected by David Nicholson, Esq., on Garrison-ave. between Franklin and Eastern-aves., St Louis.

—The war between Paraguay and the Argentine Republic shows no signs of termination. Rains had retarded military operations, but, hostilities were about to commence on an imposing scale.—Large armies were being raised by volunteers and conscriptions.

—Major Gen. Herron declined to act on the Fort Gibson Indian commission, but is at St. Louis on his way to New Orleans on a private mission for the Government to the South.

—At the Indian Council at Fort Smith on Tuesday communications were received from the Seminoles and Creeks. Gov. Pitchlevm, the Rebel Chief of the Cherokees, has arrived.

—The manufacture of boots and shoes in the Southern States in 1860, was represented by 1,363 establishments, with an invested capital of $1 444,772, and producing annually products amounting in value to $8,978,313. The cost of raw material consumed amounted to $1 644 330; the cost of laoor annually, $1,403,058; the number of male hands employed, 4,000; and the number of females 315.

—Colonel F. Brown reports that the fears of a negro insurrection in Virginia sometimes expressed are perfectly groundless. General Terry, who hase investigated closely the reports, is of the same opinion. General Terry's troops are so disposed that such a movement on the part of the freedmen could be put down at once. The Freedmen's Bureau is organized and has agents watching the blacks in every county of the State, except some portions of the Shenandoah valley.

—General Swayne, in Alabama, has ordered that all contracts with freedmen for labor must be reduced to writing and approved by the agent of the bureau for plantation labor. Employers will stipulate to provide sufficient food and quarters, medical attendance, and such further compensation as may be agreed upon. Such contracts are to be a lien upon crops, of which not more than half is to be removed until a full payment be made, and the contract released by the agent of the bureau. Absentees from labor without good cause shall be proceeded against as vagrants, and freedmen committed as vagrants may be set to work on the road or other labor, or be turned over to the freedmen's bureau. Governor Parsons and General Wood approved the order, and directed its enforcement.

—Herschel V. Johnson, of Georgia, has returned to Washington from a visit to Alexander H. Stephens in Fort Warren. He spent last Friday with Mr. Stephens, and reports him in ordinary health and as comfortably situated as any one can be in confinement. He has the freedom of the fort, and is allowed to receive the visits of friends. Quite as many are admitted as he desires to receive. His brother, Linton Stephens, who accompanied Mr. Johnson to Fort Warren, remains there still, and is permitted to sleep in his brother's apartments and join him in his walks for exercise. Mr. Stephens will probably not be pardoned until the question of reconstruction is practically settled by the admission of representatives from the Southern States.

—A special despatch from Montgomery to the Mobile *News* says that many influential citizens of Maringo, and the adjacent counties, have petitioned Governor Parsons, asking for the removal of Colonel Lynch, of the 5th Wisconsin cavalry, as his open sentiments would lead to a negro rebellion against the whites, bloodshed being imminent.

—The Louisville *Journal* inclines to the belief that there is more lying about matters and things in the South just now, than there has been for twenty-five years, quoting as an example the statement of a New York *Herald* correspondent, that Mr. Howell, the father-in-law of Jeff. Davis, had expressed the wish that his son-in-law might be hanged; whereas, according to the Vicksburg *Herald*, said Mr. Howell has been dead about three years.

—On the evening of the 21 inst., says a dispatch to the Chicago *Tribune*, a negro soldier in an altercation with a white man at Cairo, Ill., whom he alleged struck him, drew his bayonet, and, pursuing his assailant, who fled in the presence of the weapon, caught up with him in a house near by the scene of the dispute, where he knocked him down and literally transfixed him to the floor with it, killing him almost instantly. The murderer was arrested and lodged in prison. It is said the affair originated with the negro, who very insolently jostled the man, whose remonstrance provoked him to murder.

—Davenport, Iowa, was a good deal agitated over the attempt of a man to cut his throat and pull out the tongue of his own wife at a hotel on Saturday.—They were strangers and claimed to be from Iowa City. He had been a lieutenant in the 31 Cavalry.

—Sir George Mackenzie says: "Fame is a revenue payable only to our ghosts."

—A grandson of La Fayette is now in Boston, and is said to have made a short speech at a primary meeting of the Republicans the other evening, in the Eleventh Ward of that city.

THE CITY.

Courts of Oyer and Terminer.—The following correspondence is published that the people of the State may know what steps are being made by the Provisional Governor to establish the civil courts in this State, and so turning to evil doers.

Several other counties have made application for courts of Oyer and Terminer, and in a few days another Judge will be sent to them. There are some evidences of a disposition to lawlessness in certain parts of the State, and the only sure corrective—the civil courts—will be brought to bear to arrest it.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 14, 1865.

To His Honor, ANDERSON MITCHELL, *Judge of Courts of Oyer and Terminer*:

SIR:—I enclose a special commission to you to hold courts of Oyer and Terminer in the counties of

Wilkes,	4th Monday in September,	1865
Buncombe,	2d "	October, "
Henderson,	3rd "	" "
Transylvania,	4th "	" "
Madison,	5th "	" "
Cherokee,	1st "	November, "
Clay,	2d "	" "

Writs have been issued to the sheriffs of the various counties, notifying them of your appointment, and ordering them to summon proper juries at the appointed days. The solicitors have been notified to attend the courts.

The Governor directs me to say to you that you will not take jurisdiction of cases of wrongs committed by freedmen or free persons of color, or of wrongs committed against them by white persons, freedmen or free persons of color. The laws of North Carolina do not admit the testimony of freedmen or free persons of color in cases wherein white persons are concerned; and the military authorities will not allow them to be tried in courts that do not admit their testimony. All such cases will therefore be left to be tried by the military courts. Your jurisdiction will extend to all cases of breach of the criminal law of North Carolina, by white persons against white persons.

I am, sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
R. C. BADGER, Asst. Sec.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE.
Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 14 1865.

To Major General T. H. RUGER, *commanding Department of North Carolina*:

SIR:—I have appointed Judge Anderson Mitchell to hold courts of Oyer and Terminer in several of the counties west of the Blue Ridge, and have given him the following directions with regard to his jurisdiction, a copy of which is forwarded to you for your information:

"You will not take jurisdiction of cases of wrongs committed by freedmen or free persons of color, or wrongs committed against them by white persons or freedmen or free persons of color. The laws of North Carolina do not admit the testimony of freedmen or free persons of color in cases wherein white persons are concerned, and the military authorities will not allow them to be tried in courts which do not admit their testimony. All such cases will, therefore, be left to be tried by the military courts. Your jurisdiction will extend to all breaches of the criminal law of North Carolina by white persons against white persons."

I would suggest that it might serve a good purpose for the protection of the freedmen and free persons of color, if this jurisdiction were extended to allow the judge to arrest and have bound over to keep the peace all persons whether white or of color—to require bail when the case is bailable at common law, and where not, to lodge the offender in the county jail, subject to the orders of the military commanders of the district. Otherwise the persons of color will be and will feel themselves in a very helpless condition in those counties out of the reach of the direct authority of the military.

Should you concur with me, I will send such directions as will extend the Judge's jurisdiction in this latter respect.

Very respectfully,
W. W. HOLDEN,
Provisional Governor.

HEADQUARTERS DEP'T OF NORTH CAROLINA,
Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 14, 1865.

His Excellency W. W. HOLDEN:

SIR:—I concur with you that the interests of the State would be promoted by the action of the courts to be held West of the mountains, as stated in your letter of this date. Such persons as would be bound over, and not of the class specified in your letter to be tried by civil courts, would, of course, be subject to trial by military tribunals, as well as those committed for offences not bailable.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
THOS. H. RUGER.
Bvt. Maj. Gen. Vols.

The following postcript was then added to the letter of Judge Mitchel, extending his jurisdiction as above stated:

P. S. In all cases of breach of the peace where freedmen or free persons of color are concerned, which may be reported in the counties in which you hold courts, have the offenders arrested, and bailed or lodged in jail, according to the nature of the offence, and the security offered, to be tried by the military courts when they shall be held. Order the clerks to send statements of such cases to the commander of the military district in which the county lies.

Respectfully,
R. C. BADGER, Asst. Sec.

From the foregoing it will appear what division of jurisdiction is made between the civil and the military courts.

The Provisional Governor would have preferred that the civil courts should have been permitted to have full and unrestricted jurisdiction, as he is confident that the freedmen and free persons of color would have received justice at the hands of the whites as they have heretofore. But the orders which the military authorities have received will not permit this.

Some weeks ago a correspondence between Gen. T. H. Ruger and the Provisional Governor, on this subject, was published in the *Standard* and this correspondence has been referred to the President for his action, and until his answer is received the above must be the division of jurisdiction between the military and civil courts.

Six of the eight Judges [illegible] Judges of Courts of Oyer and Terminer, [illegible] that the foregoing Judges [illegible] selected to hold courts [illegible]

His Honor, Judge Dick [illegible] assigned to hold courts of Oyer and Terminer in the counties of Yadkin and Randolph, as follows:

Yadkin county, 1st Monday in October next.
Randolph " 2d " " "

R. C. BADGER, Asst. Sec.

SILVER.—Once in a while a piece of silver shows itself, but except in the hands of the finder, it is a rare article. The other day a stranger, rambling through the suburbs of Raleigh, stopped at the door of a cottage and asked for a drink of water. A young lady supplied his wants, and as she was like all the rest of the young ladies in Wake—very good looking—he offered her a dime for a kiss. It was duly taken and paid for, and the young lady, who had never seen a dime before, looked at it with some curiosity, and then asked what she should do with it. He replied, what she chose, as it was hers. "If that's the case," said she, "you may take it back and give me another kiss." Poor girl. It was so long since she had seen a piece of silver that she didn't know what to do with it.

THE WEATHER.—Yesterday, was a clear, cold day. Woolen clothing was brought into requisition early in the morning, and was necessary for comfort until bedtime. This sudden changeableness of the weather will be apt to increase sickness, and it behooves our citizens to pay proper attention to all preventives.

BILLIARDS.—The lovers of this noble game in our "City of Oaks" can now have excellent opportunities for enjoying it at Golden's rooms on Fayetteville street, a few doors below the express office. Besides two good tables, with new cues, balls, &c., there is an excellent bar connected with the establishment, where the accommodating Thompson "shakes them up" in the most approved style.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES.—Gradually the old times are creeping back. The latest *sign* of their approach is one over the entrance of the post office, very neatly executed. Col. Miller and his efficient corps of assistants are untiring in their efforts to perfect matters pertaining to their department.

BITTEN BY A DOG.—We understand that Marshal, son of John Hennicke, a colored man, was badly bitten, last night, by a dog.

We have frequently hinted that the council of this city, should perfect their arrangements to guard against hydrophobia, though they have permitted the summer to pass without any ordinances having been enacted, and yet we are in the midst of the dog biting season.

BURNED UP.—We understand several days since that one car of cotton had been burned up on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad. Yesterday five loads were burned up between Gaston and Raleigh, according to a statement of a passenger to us, which delayed the train last night.

GRAY, KELLOGG & CO., are selling out their prints at reduced prices. They were lucky enough to purchase when the market was low, and are now able to compete with any one in selling goods at low figures.

THE ELECTION.—The election which takes place to-morrow, does not seem to absorb much attention on the streets. It is to be hoped that the interest in it will revive to day.

WEST—At his news depot on Fayetteville st., has received a large invoice of new music, including some of the most popular ballads of the day.—Give him a call.

MR. BOWEN, at the old stand of T. R. Fentress, No. 15 Fayetteville st., expects a new stock of ladie's fall goods in a few days. One installment has already arrived.

GEN. SCHOFIELD, the commander of this Department, was in Washington on the 16th inst., and had an interview with the President.

THE appearance of our streets would be improved by a little labor in the way of cleaning. Who is to blame?

INFLUENCE OF FEMALES.—It is better for you to pass an evening once or twice a week in a lady's drawing room, though the conversation is slow, and you know the girl's songs by heart, than in a club, tavern, or a pit of a theatre. All amusement o youth in which virtuous women are not admitted, religion it, are deleterious in their nature. All men who avoid female society have dull perceptions, and are stupid, or have gross tastes, and revolt against what is pure. Your club swaggerers, who were sucking the butts of billiard cues all night, call female society insipid. Poetry is uninspiring to a yokel; beauty has no charms for a blind man; music does not please a poor beast who does not know one tune from another, but as a true epicure is hardly ever tired of water, sauce and brown bread and butter, I protest I can sit for a whole night talking to a well-regulated kindly woman about her girl Fanny or her boy Frank and like the evening entertainment.

One of the great benefits a man may derive from women's society is that he is bound to be respectful to her. The habit is of great good to your moral man, depend upon it. Our education makes us the most eminently selfish men in the world. We fight for ourselves, we push for ourselves, we yawn for ourselves, we light our pipes and say we don't go out we prefer ourselves and our own; and the greatest benefit that comes to man from a woman's society is that he has to think of somebody in whom he is bound to be constantly attentive and respectful.

[illegible] power for mischief which exists in the Irish or in the anti-English organization in America. We do not enter into the truth or reality of the feeling amongst the Irish States; and we have no hesitation in admitting that much allowance must be made for its existence. The great pity is that the passions of our people at home should be so much easily played upon by those who run no risk, and that hopes should be held out which can [illegible] be realized. We deplore it in the truest interests of our country, which is kept in a chronic excitement fatal to steady industry and repellant to that capital which is so essential to its progress. In God's name, let our country have repose—a few years of cessation from strife and faction—so that not only may the energies of her people be turned to the pursuits of industry, but that those who possess capital—the mighty miracle-worker of the day—may learn to understand that in no country in the world is there a wider or safer field for its investment.

INTERESTING DECISION.—A Memphis paper says Judge Trigg has decided to admit all attorneys to the bar without taking the oath prescribed by the act of Congress. He is of the opinion that the only mode by which all the lawyers of the court could forfeit their right to practice after they had once been admitted, would be the secession of the State of Tennessee from the Union, and this he was not prepared to admit had ever taken place; and the only mode in which individual members of the bar could be debarred, would be the preferment of charges and trial of each case separately.

MARKET REPORT
CORRECTED DAILY BY
E. A. WHITAKER,
Grocer and Dealer in Provisions.

Apples—Dried, $1 25 per bushel,
" Green $1 50 per bushel,
Bacon—Firm, sales at 25@26c per lb.
Beef—10c per lb.
Butter—25c per lb.
Cheese—35c per lb.
Chickens—20 a 30c a piece.
Coffee—50c per lb.
Corn—$1 20 per bushel.
Eggs—20 a 25c per dozen.
Flour—superfine $13 per bbl.;
Hides—Green 10c.
" Dry 15c.
Honey—in comb, 25 to 30c per lb.
Lamb—12½@15c per lb.
Lard—25c per lb.
Meal—$1 25 per bushel. (scarce)
Mullets—$15 00
Mackerel—$30 per bbl.
Onions—$1 00 per bushel.
Peaches—dried 10c per lb.
Peas—White $100; Speckled 90 to $1; Garden 40c per peck.
Potatoes—Irish $1 00 per bush.
" Sweet, raw, $1 00 per bushel.
Sugar—Crushed 25c per lb; Brown 20c
Syrup—40c@50 per gallon.
Soda—Cooking, 20c per pound.
Salt—$2 00 per bushel.
Tallow—10c@12½ per lb.
Herrings—$16 per bbl.
Rice—15c per lb.
Candles—Adamantine, 40c lb per box.
Soap—Turpentine, 20c per lb.
Bimestone—40c per lb.

RALEIGH MONEY MARKET,
REVISED DAILY BY E. P. GRADY, EXCHANGE BROKER,
13, Fayetteville Street.
Buying Rates.

Gold $1.40; Silver $1.35. North Carolina Bank Notes—Bank of North Carolina, Cape Fear, Bank of Charlotte, Farmers, Merchants, Miners and Planters, 25 cents on the dollar; Lexington, and Thomasville 25 cents on the dollar; Wadesboro', Commercial, Wilmington, Commerce 20 cents on the dollar; Washington, Fayetteville, Cheraw and Salisbury, Greensboro' Mutual, 10 cents on the dollar. Bank Notes of other Southern States, Virginia 10 cents on the dollar. Northern State Bank Notes, 90 cents on the dollar.

[illegible]

DR. HEMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,
[illegible]
REMOVED [illegible]
[illegible]
DR. HEMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,
IN [illegible]
[illegible]
DR. HEMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.
[illegible]
REMOVED [illegible]
With [illegible] from the system. Diseases arising from [illegible] of [illegible] expense, little [illegible] no [illegible] or exposure, [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] in all [illegible].
DR. HEMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,
In all diseases of those organs, whether existing in "males" or "females," from whatever cause originating, and at whatever time (long standing). It is prepared in vacuo, entirely "[illegible]" an [illegible], and therefore strengthening [illegible] any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.
These [illegible] from broken down or delicate Constitutions, procure the remedy at once.
The [illegible] must be aware that however slight may be [illegible] of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his [illegible] Health, Mental Powers, and Happiness.
As the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic
DR. HEMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
is unrivalled as a Diuretic.
DR. HEMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED
COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,
For purifying the blood, removing all chronic constitutional diseases, arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual known remedy for the cure of Syphilis, Scald Head, Sore Mouth, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulceration of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erysipelas, and all scaly eruptions of the skin,
AND BEAUTIFYING THE COMPLEXION.
Not a few of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect HEMBOLD'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. It cleanses and renovates the blood, instills the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expells the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Such a remedy that could be relied on has long been sought for, and now for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.
Two tablespoonfuls of the Extract of Sarsaparilla added to a pint of water is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is fifty equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.
THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED
INTO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and are also in very general use in all the State HOSPITALS and PUBLIC SANITARY INSTITUTES throughout the land, as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.
See Medical Properties of Buchu,
FROM DISPENSATORY OF THE UNITED STATES.
See Professor Dunglison's estimable works on the Practice of Physic.
See remarks made by Dr. KIRKLAND M'DOWELL, a celebrated Physician, and Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland, [illegible] published in the Transactions of the King and Queen's College.
See Medical Gazette, [illegible] London, published by BENJAMIN TRAVERS, Esq., Surgeon to the Royal Eye of Surgeons.
[illegible] most of the [illegible] standard Works of Medicine.
DR. HEMBOLD'S
EXTRACT BUCHU,
"SARSAPARILLA."
Sold by all Druggists.
PRINCIPAL DEPOT—
DR. HEMBOLD'S
Drug and Chemical Warehouse,
594 BROADWAY, N. YORK.
sep18-1sm

AUCTION SALES
OF
GOVERNMENT PROPERTY
IN THE
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

A GOOD SALES OF MULES, MULES, ARMY Wagons, Spring Wagons, Harness and other government property will take place from time to time at the principal cities and towns in the State.

These sales will afford farmers excellent opportunities to stock their farms with any class of animals they desire to purchase.

Each sale will embrace a variety of stock, including riding and draught Horses and Mules of every class. A few very large Mules, thoroughly broken to harness, and in fine condition, will be offered at each sale.

The attention of capitalists and dealers in stock is particularly called to the opportunities here presented for profitable investment. Stock purchased for cash at these sales may be sold on credit, with ample security, at a large advance, to farmers who are depending on their growing crops for means to purchase—or may be retained, and sold for cash at a large profit after the crops have matured.

Terms CASH on day of sale.

Sales will continue during the months of September and October will be advertised in this column as soon as dates are fixed.

At MOREHEAD CITY, on Tuesday and Wednesday, September 12th and 13th, 1865, under the direction of Capt. D. W. DAY, A. Q. M. Sale to commence at 10 a. m. each day.

At TOOMER COURT HOUSE, Harnet county, on Wednesday, September 27th, 1865 under the direction of Capt. A. M. GARDNER, A. Q. M. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M.

At CHARLOTTE, on Tuesday, October 3d, 1865, under the direction of Capt. D. W. H. DAY, A. Q. M. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., and to continue from day to day, at the discretion of Capt. Day.

At RALEIGH, on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, October 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th, 1865—under the direction of Capt. A. M. GARDNER, A. Q. M. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M.

At GREENSBORO, on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, October 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th, 1865, and under the direction of Capt. D. W. H. DAY, A. Q. M. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

At NEW BERNE, on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, October 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th, 1865, under the direction of Capt. D. W. H. DAY, A. Q. M. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

TAILORS, ATTENTION!

C. M. FARRIS, one door above the Progress office, has employment for an additional number of journeyman Tailors. Five good "Coat hands" can obtain employment by applying immediately. Females, well recommended, may apply. aug30-tf

WANTED TO RENT,
A DWELLING HOUSE, in a healthy and central location. Apply to S. MAXON, Field and Fireside Building, Fayetteville street. aug28-tf

Prime Old Bourbon and Monongahela Whiskey, Superior—Cognac Brandy—Holland Gin, &c., &c.

75 CASES Old Bourbon Whiskey,
20 do Monongahela "
10 do Superior Cognac Brandy,
10 do Otard Dupuy, 1848,
10 do Holland Gin,
10 do Fine Old Sherry,
10 do " Port Wine,
10 do " " Madeira,
20 Baskets Champagne—Royal Crown,
10 do " E. Lemoine
Just rec'd and for sale by
D. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

DAILY PROGRESS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 20, 1865.

To the Polls.

Never before in the history of the State has an election occurred of so much importance to us, as a body politic, as the one to take place to-morrow. The people should arouse themselves to a full appreciation of this fact, and act accordingly. Every man, in our Democratic form of Government, has some responsibility in the premises, and he should not seek to dodge it. Prepare yourselves as the Proclamations direct, and do your duty in exercising the right which the law has given you of voting for good men. The candidates are well known to you in the city—and in the country they have pretty thoroughly canvassed the different precincts, so that you all can vote advisedly. Vote for men who will represent your interests manfully and fearlessly; for men who will stand up for the right and maintain it at all hazards. You do not want men who will merely say yea or nay; but men who will make their voices heard in the councils of the State, and be a credit to the county of Wake.

Do Your Duty.

[illegible] every patriotic citizen to prevent illegal voting. Secessionists and others who are excluded by the Amnesty Proclamation will strive to hoodwink the Justices into giving them certificates, on which they can vote.

If a man has applied for pardon, he has confessed that he has sinned, and has thereby disqualified himself.

Personal feelings must be disregarded in such matters and the purity of the ballot box, at this time above all others, must be sustained.

Be on Your Guard.

Fraudulent tickets—split tickets, and other deceptions will be practised to-morrow. The intelligent voters of Wake need only to have their attention called to this fact, to be on their guard. Look twice at the names on your ballot. See that they are spelled correctly and that they are the names of men who are entitled to your confidence and suffrage and then shove in your vote.

From Northampton.

JACKS N, N. C., Sept. 11, 1865.

To the Editor of the Raleigh Progress:

SIR:—To-day my attention has been called to an article in your issue of Sept. 5th, in which it is stated that three negroes had been shot by the local police force of Northampton county, for refusing to return to their former masters. The article referred to is copied from a New York paper and purports to be from Lieut. A. W. Hobson, a United States officer, and dated at Raleigh, August 21st, 1865. The statement is untrue and does injustice to the police force and to the county itself. I suppose the report had its origin from the fact that the police force had broken up a gathering under pretence of religious worship, (not of newly freed men, but of old free negroes,) by firing their guns in the air. No one was hurt, and since four of the party (old free negroes) have been arrested for hog stealing and the evidence against them is complete.

Please give insertion in your paper, that the public mind may be disabused as to the state of things in the county of Northampton at least.

Very respectfully,

SAM. J. CALVERT,

Captain of Police, Northampton, N. C.

The Southern Methodist Church—A Suggestion from Bishop Ames.

The *Christian Advocate and Journal* of this week contains the following suggestions from Bishop Ames concerning the Southern churches:

"The Southern bishops say that they are at a loss to conceive by what shadow or right, legal or moral, the property is held by the present occupants. I am sorry the bishops are so ignorant of the facts. I am happy to inform them, and all concerned, that the authority by which the property alluded to was taken possession of, was the only authority which at the time, and still, so far as I know, could enforce obedience to law, and maintain order in the rebellious States. And I now propose to the bishops and to all other parties interested, that Chief Justice Chase shall decide the question of title to the property refered to, and that all shall abide by his dicision in the premises; and I hereby pledge myself (and I doubt not my co leagues in the episcopacy will do the same) that should the decision be in favor of the Church South, I will at once withdraw all the ministers whom I have appointed to conduct divine service in those churches referred to, provided the authority by which I now occupy them allows me to do so, of which I have no doubt. I think if the Southern bishops are as confident of their title to the property as they appear to be, they will not hesitate thus to submit the question to the decision of the highest judicial official officer in the Government.

A Change.

Geo. Mills Joy has withdrawn from the Newbern *Times* and the publication is continued by Messrs. Vestal & McKnight. We congratulate the latter on his new "sit" and hope it may be as pleasant as he can anticipate, knowing as well as he does what the cares and responsibilities of the chair Editorial are. His salutatory is as follows:—

The readers of the TIMES will observe, in its appropriate place, the valedictory of Mr. GEO. MILLS JOY, long connected with the management of this paper. The undersigned, in taking his seat in the editorial chair, deems it necessary to say that he is not an entire stranger to the patrons of the TIMES, having contributed to its columns in an editorial capacity for the past six weeks.

In the future conduct of this Journal every effort will be used to advance the interests, political, commercial and social, of the State; and believing that an unswerving loyalty can best promote that end, I shall base every sentiment upon the broad platform of *National Unionism*, as marked out by the policy of President Johnson and Gov. Holden. Recognizing the early restoration of our State to full rights under the General Government as a matter of the very first importance, I shall strive with what little ability I may possess to further that object; and will earnestly combat every effort made against this end, whether such efforts come from radicals abroad or disloyal men at home.

[I deem this sufficient, GEO. MCKNIGHT.

Nearly [illegible] larly those [illegible] like fuss, [illegible] est man. Many of his [illegible] strange to me, both as a [illegible] tinacy in maintaining his opinions and their success [illegible], if not quite, commanded our respect. It is latent effect in which the people of this section are interested is an improvement in the colored people of this State. The [illegible] circulation is not very extensive in our community and consequently the address may not reach where it was intended. To help Holden in this respect, and more particularly as a matter of news, we append the document below:—

TO THE COLORED PEOPLE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

MY COUNTRYMEN:—I learn that you are to hold a Convention at Raleigh on the 20th inst., to seek for the Right of Suffrage, and that I am among those invited by you to be present and counsel you. Being under the old and imperative engagement to be on that day in Minnesota, I cannot be with you in North Carolina; and, having no address to which I may send you a letter, I am obliged to respond thus publicly to your invitation. Let me, therefore, urge and entreat you to

I. *Be hopeful.* Great reforms are seldom completed in a moment. Old wrongs and abuses yield slowly to the advances of Justice and Humanity. I have for thirty years ardently wished, but, till very recently, dared not to hope, that I might live to see such a great country. I now see it, and bless God for the wisdom and beneficence so infinitely transcending all human preconception—whereby the weakness, infatuation, incapacity, disloyalty, treachery and general unworthiness of men, have been made to subserve the Divine purpose. But for North-ern supineness, so enormous that they were justified in expecting to be aided by it in the field as well as in the cabinet, the slaveholders would never have revolted. But for imbecility in high places and incapacity, if not treason also, in the direction of our armies, the Rebellion would have been speedily suppressed without seriously affecting your condition—possibly, with new concessions and guaranties to Slavery. Looking back at the momentous history, the stupendous transformations, of the last five years, we must reverently say, "This is the Lord's doing, and it is marvelous in our eyes." Let us unwaveringly trust that the great work will be prosecuted to its legitimate and logical consummation.

II. *Be patient.* We may not win a full recognition of your rights directly; but the effort will never be abandoned until its success is assured. And we are no longer resisted by a vast, tenacious pecuniary *interest*—an all but omnipotent "vested right."—Slavery the tree, whereof negro-hate and white prejudice of color are branches, has been cut down. There is still vitality in the roots, but the branches are bound to wither and decay. Yet this is not the work of a day; and we must "learn to labor, and [if need be] to *wait*"

III. *Be peaceful.* Do not be seduced nor provoked to resist lawful authority with lawless violence.—Better suffer wrong in silence, or be worsted in invoking the protection of the laws. You see what the slaveholders have incurred by resisting authority by force. Let nothing tempt or swerve you from the ways of peace. If you are oppressed and abused, appeal to Congress, which will soon have been clothed by the pending Constitutional Amendment with power to redress your more flagrant wrongs.—Whichever among you resists the law gives a signal advantage to your enemies. Better suffer and trust.

IV. *Be diligent.* I am not exhorting you to steadfast industry. You have had enough of that. Not being fools, you know that you have to work hard for all you get, and probably for something more.—There cannot be a hundred of you who do not know that you are to work out your own pecuniary salvation or miserably perish. But you must be equally diligent in educating yourselves and your children, and must not grudge working an extra hour per day, if needed, to provide yourselves with books and teachers. It is indispensable that you all, or nearly all, acquire the rudiments of a substantial education at the earliest moment, and that you each keep on acquiring useful knowledge at every opportunity to the last day of your lives. Your alleged ignorance is now one of the chief pretexts for denying you the Right of Suffrage.

V. *Respect yourselves.* Refuse to minister to others' vicious appetites, no matter what is the temptation. Stand quietly and respectfully aloof from all Whites who see fit to regard you as inferiors merely because of your color. Keep away, or get away, from all cities, unless you are sure of making money rapidly and virtuously therein. Hold no voluntary relations to negro-haters, and bestow no patronage on them though this compel you to go without comforts you might otherwise enjoy. Trade with and patronize your friends, but, above all, each other.—Encourage your brethren who embark in trade or in any branch of mechanical or other useful industry, though at some personal inconvenience; keep out of debt; work, if possible, for men whom you esteem and trust; and each of you become land-holders so soon as you can without running in debt. Few know "how much land there is in an acre;" and North Carolinians understand this less than most others.—If you each had a cabin and four acres of land, you need nevermore, after next harvest, look for work; while those who want help would come looking for you and offering you fair, living wages. Finally,

VI. *Stay where you belong.* It may by-and-by be well to migrate, but not now. North Carolina is a noble State, with her resources mainly undeveloped. Her climate is admirable; her soil better than is supposed; her inland navigation, water-power, timber, minerals, &c., &c., sources of unsuspected wealth.—Work for the best wages offered by good men, till you can save the means of employing yourselves; strive to win the respect and esteem of the better Whites and keep clear of the worse; and be sure that, whenever you shall, by your thrift, have made yourselves independent and desirable customers of merchants and others, your righteous demand of enfranchisement can, if not already granted, be no longer successfully resisted. Your friend,

HORACE GREELEY.

New York, Sept. 12, 1865.

BOTTLE WASHED UP.—On Sunday afternoon a small bottle was picked up on the sands at Scarborough, Me., by a boy who saw it thrown on the beach by the waves. On being opened it was found to contain a slip of pink-colored notepaper, slightly stained, on which was written in lead pencil, perfectly distinct and legible, the following sad report: "Ship Sir George Seymour, foundered off Cape Cod, U. S. A., October 22d, 1864, bound from Bristol to New York. Cargo, iron and cloth. Lost 18; saved 22, in two boats. We are half starved. John Thompson, second mate, October 26th, 1864."

—A correspondent gives the tone of Frank Cheatham's application for pardon. He says: "You know me, Mr. President—who I am and what I have done. I am sorry; and if you will pardon me I will be a faithful citizen henceforward. And if there is any more fighting to be done, count me in whenever it may be needed."

—The *Anti Slavery Standard* [illegible] the impeachment of President Johnson.

I have [illegible] until [illegible] this [illegible] I will [illegible] anything [illegible] you think we [illegible] whose turn [illegible] tyranny that [illegible] relax its hold [illegible]

If elected to the Convention I shall favor such measures as will restore civil law, restore the troops and restore the State to the Union at the earliest possible moment.

I will oppose the assumption, or payment of, any bonds, Confederate, State or County, issued for the prosecution of the rebellion. These bonds are generally in the hands of wealthy speculators, and I am opposed to taxing the poor to pay them.

I am in favor of the settlement of all individual accounts contracted during the war, upon a fair, just and equitable basis.

I am opposed to allowing the negro to vote or testify in the courts against white persons, and will oppose all such propositions before the Convention.

I shall support the administration and policy of President Johnson and Governor Holden.

I shall urge the election of Governor Holden to the position he now fills when the time to elect shall arrive.

If upon these declarations of principles you deem me worthy, vote for me, and be assured that I will represent you honestly and faithfully. I trust that the mechanics and working men are hereafter to take a part in the control of public affairs, and there can never be a better time for them to urge their claims and put forward their men than now.

Your obedient servant,

J. L. PENNINGTON.

Sept. 18th, 1865.

P. S.—If the candidates can possibly get to town in time they will address their fellow-citizens on Wednesday evening. If they arrive in time notice will be given by ringing of the bell.

J. L. P.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE.

That the following letter from Maj. Wm. A. Smith, of Johnston county, charges positively that B. F. Moore, Esq., did take positive grounds, in his presence, in favor of the admission of negro evidence in the courts of justice in North Carolina. Let the people read and reflect well before casting their votes for Convention:

BOON HILL, JOHNSTON COUNTY, Sept. 7th, 1865.

J. L. Pennington, Esq:

Yours of the 3rd inst., is at hand. You say I am reported as having said publicly on the streets in Raleigh, that B. F. Moore, Esq., of your city, had said in my presence that he was in favor of negro evidence in the Courts. Mr. Moore *did say in my presence that he was in favor of negro evidence.*—Not only in my presence, but in the presence of John Pool, of Bertie; Mr. Brooks, of one of the lower counties; and ——, Thompson, of Bertie.

I was not present when Mr. Moore was in conversation with the above gentlemen, but they told me of it next morning at the Yarborough House.

Mr. Moore went further than merely stating he was for negro evidence. He argued with me an hour about it, and finally, I not yielding to his arguments, asked me to postpone making up my mind upon the subject, as he looked upon it as a matter of great importance and no one should make up their minds too soon until the subject was thoroughly investigated in all its bearings.

I have always been and am now a devoted friend of Mr. Moore's, and up to this time a political friend; but I could not and would not vote for any man who at *this time* is in favor of negro evidence.

You can use this as you please.

Very respectfully,

W. A. SMITH.

THE OHIO TREASURY DIFFICULTY—STATEMENT OF DR. DORSEY.—The *Ohio State Journal* has a card from G. Volney Dorsey, State Treasurer, in reply to the allegations of the report of the special examiners, that he had been guilty of malfeasance. In relation to the deficit of three thousand dollars in coin, he explains that it was done without a consideration; three thousand dollars of paper being taken out at the time, and the coin having since been returned and the paper paid into the treasury. As to the bonds, he declares them more valuable than those required by the law. The unauthorized balances in the Ohio Valley Bank were there in consistency with a practice that he had found when coming into office, of negotiating exchanges with New York through that agency. In relation to the deposit of eleven thousand dollars of bonds and taking out of that amount of money, he says that he could never have deposited the bonds there, but that they were more valuable than currency. He answers all the charges of Mr. Odlin, and concludes as follows:

"I have thus made a plain statement of facts in regard to this report. I have nothing to conceal.—I have done my duty faithfully to the State, and she will never lose one dollar through any act of mine.—My reputation is dearer to me than life itself, and I court any investigation that may be made by the Legislature, whatever party may hold a majority or wield the power. This is due to me and to the State, and will certainly be granted."

"G. VOLNEY DORSEY, Treasurer of State."

From these statements it appears that Dr. Dorsey has not complied with the terms of the independent treasury act of Ohio, but that he has neither embezzled the treasury nor had any purpose of doing so.

—The 1st [illegible] Attorney [illegible] case in Washington, [illegible] 900 votes out of 1,000 for the Union candidate for Governor of that State.

BEAVER [illegible]

SILK [illegible]

CASSIMERES OF ALL [illegible]

CORDUROY, [illegible]

BLACK SILK VELVETS, [illegible]

SHIRTS OF ALL [illegible]

ARMY HATS. NAVY CAPS, [illegible]

SUSPENDERS, [illegible]

HANDKERCHIEFS, [illegible]

LINEN AND PAPER COLLARS, [illegible]

SHOULDER STRAPS, [illegible]

MILITARY BUTTONS, [illegible]

SCARF PINS, [illegible]

BROOMS OF ALL KINDS, [illegible]

TRUNKS AND VALISES, [illegible]

MERCHANT TAILORING.

Done in the very best style by C. M. HARRIS and his Superb Cutter, Mr. GRIFFIN.

SUITS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION made to order at the shortest notice, and in the very best manner.

☞ What you do not see in my store, ask for, and you shall have it in the quickest possible time.

Raleigh, Aug. 23tf. C. M. HARRIS.

PRINTING.

PROGRESS

JOB OFFICE!

TWO POWER PRESSES

AND OVER

ONE HUNDRED FONTS OF TYPE!

By the accession to our establishment of an entire Printing Office, we now have the largest and most complete

JOB PRINTING OFFICE

in the State, and we solicit work.

WE HAVE A

GORDON JOBBER,

and a large

CYLINDER POWER PRESS,

both fast and in excellent order; and with our increased facilities we flatter ourselves we can do all kinds of printing as well, and as cheap, as any establishment in the country.

We are prepared to print

HAND BILLS, SHOW BILLS,
POSTERS, CIRCULARS,
BILL HEADS, TICKETS,
CARDS, WEDDING TICKETS,
BLANKS, CATALOGUES,
PAMPHLETS, LETTER HEADS,
PROGRAMMES, &c., &c., &c.

We have competent workmen and prompt attention and dispatch may be relied on in all cases, and we ask a trial from all who have printing to do.

jy10 J. L. PENNINGTON & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

RAGS! RAGS!!—Two cents a pound will be paid for clean Cotton and Linen Rags, in large or small quantities, at the PROGRESS OFFICE.

GLUE!

GLUE!!

FROM 15 to 25 cents per [illegible]

aug23-tf 23 Orders [illegible]

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

General Commission [illegible]

Fayetteville Street, RALEIGH, N. C.

Solicit consignments of COTTON, COUNTRY PRODUCE, and all kinds of MANUFACTURED and COUNTRY Produce.

g7 tf

CANVAS HAMS, BACON SIDES, &c.

2,000 POUNDS BACON SIDES, [illegible]
1,000 do do do do
1,000 do do do do
3 tierces Choice Sugar-Cured Hams, [illegible]
8 firkins Lard, 100 lbs each.
25 kegs do do do do
25 pails do do do do
5,000 pounds Prime Sides [illegible]
1 chest Black Tea
700 pounds North Carolina Stems
500 do do do
1,000 do do do
For sale by B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

aug30-tf

KITTRELL'S SPRINGS FEMALE [illegible]

GRADUATING [illegible]

GRAYSVILLE, [illegible] C.

THE FALL SESSION of this [illegible] will open on the first Wednesday in [illegible] For particulars see Circulars, [illegible]

aug31-1m

COTTON YARN AND [illegible]

50 BALES COTTON [illegible]
5 do. Sheeting
5 do. Alamance Plaids
Just received and for sale by
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

aug30-tf

ATTENTION! [illegible]

WE CAN SELL [illegible]

WANTED [illegible]

sept7-tf

"WAKE FOR THE CAPITOL."

[illegible] to be issued [illegible] the name of the public offices in the [illegible] Court House Declaration, the charter, [illegible]

[illegible] to be issued each and likewise, to be delivered [illegible] to the record books on the capitol square [illegible] are requested [illegible] your office at which they will [illegible]

[illegible] Capitol. Aids not advantageous to the [illegible] ROBT. H. BRADLEY, Keeper of Capitol.

NEWS! NEWS!! NEWS!!!

NEW YORK DAILIES,

RECEIVED EVERY DAY BY EXPRESS

—ALSO—

MAGAZINES

AND

All the Popular Periodical Literature of the Day, at

THE RALEIGH NEWS AGENTS' DEPOT

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

I. EDWIN WEST.

jy 18-tf Agent.

E. S. LOUGEE. G. E. LOUGEE.

Lougee & Brother,

(Successors to W. J. Lougee, Raleigh, N. C.,)

Dealers in Stoves, Hard and Hollow Ware and Manufacturers of Copper, Sheet Iron and

TIN WARE.

WILL KEEP ON HAND EVERYTHING IN their line of business, and warrant every article of their make to be of lasting and endurable materials.

HOUSE ROOFING AND REPAIRING

executed with fidelity and despatch.

Grateful for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to this well-earned reputation of this long and popular establishment, of forty years standing, they respectfully solicit a continuance of that [illegible] jy 6-6w

W. H. PINCH,

Forwarding and Commission Agent,

N. C. DEPOT, RALEIGH, N. C.

HIS LONG EXPERIENCE AS A RAILROAD AND [illegible] justifies him in believing that he can give satisfaction to patrons.

He will be at the depot on the arrival of all trains, and he solicits a share of the patronage of Cotton and Produce of all descriptions.

Goods kept on stores while in transit, and timely notice given both with all goods, and every precaution taken against loss or damage by fire.

Country Produce bought and sold, or sold on commission. Orders promptly and orders filled at very short notice.

Special attention paid to the forwarding of small parcels.

Raleigh, Sept. 5th, 1865. [illegible]

TEA KETTLES, SAUCEPANS, WASH BASINS.

50 PAIRS FIRE DOGS,
100 Tea Kettles, assorted sizes
10 dozen Waffle Irons
10 dozen Saucepans
6 dozen Enameled Preserving Kettles
6 dozen Tin Wash Basins
2 dozen Counter Scales

In store and for sale by

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,

sept20 [illegible]

IN STORE AND FOR SALE,

4 bales Cotton Sheeting,
20 bbls. Refined Sugar,
25 boxes Tin, IXX,
15 do do IXX14
5 do do IC,
100 bags Rio Coffee—assorted,
25 barrels Family Flour,
1 Cotton Gin,

sept20tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

ADOLPH COHN,

WHOLESALE GROCER

—AND—

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Goldsboro', N. C.

REFERENCES:

Alston & Partridge, Company Shops, N. C.
Wm. S. Kerr, Baltimore, Md.
McDaniel & Irby, Lynchburg, Va.

jy 14-3m

SMALL LOT WANTED.

WANTED to purchase in the city of Raleigh, a Small Lot, one fourth, to one half acre, with small house on it. If the location suits the ground will be required for improvements on the early part of [illegible]

Apply at PROGRESS OFFICE.

RALEIGH MILITARY ACADEMY

THE EIGHTEENTH YEAR OF THIS INSTI[illegible] will begin on MONDAY, the 2d day of October, 1865.

[illegible] the Military feature, the general plan of the [illegible] Academy, Course of Study, &c., will be as [illegible]

TERMS: One hundred and five (105) for the first three months of the term. For each succeeding quarter. This charge [illegible] Tuition, Board, Washing, [illegible] Medical attendance. Each [illegible] a single bed. Circulars [illegible]

J. B. WHITE.

Late Superintendent N. C. M. A.

Late Major of S. C. Military Academy.

[illegible]

Carolina Democrat, Dispatch and [illegible] Express copy twice a [illegible] to "Democrat" office.

[illegible]

[illegible] Apply to

J. L. PENNINGTON.

DAILY [illegible]

WEEKLY [illegible]

AUTHORIZED AGENTS FOR THE PROGRESS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to act as agents for the PROGRESS, and to whom they will receive and transmit subscriptions and advertisements at our published rates:

VESTAL & JOY, Times Office, Newbern, N. C.
J. B. WHITAKER, Goldsboro, N. C.
T. S. WHITAKER, Wilmington, N. C.
MOSES A. SMITH, Salisbury.
R. M. BROWN, New Hill, Wake county, N. C.
S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 37 Park Row, New York City, and 10 State street, Boston, Mass.

Other agents will be announced as soon as the arrangements can be made.

Where there are no agents persons can subscribe directly by mail. No paper sent until the subscription is paid.

STEALING HEARTS.

BY JOHN H. BONER.

Well I mind me of the autumn,
Many, many years ago,
When the chestnut burs were bursting
And displayed in tempting show
Large brown nuts, and all the school-boys
And the girls one Saturday
Went to [illegible] Mountain,
Gathering chestnuts, blithe and gay.

I'd a favorite, Katie Winsome,
Sweetest of the wild school-girls,
With her eyes of merry hazle
And her [illegible] auburn curls;
And the other boys were jealous
When they heard me boasting say:
"Katie Winsome is my sweetheart,
And I'll marry her some day."

So when we went out a-woodsing,
As we did that autumn, I,
With a school-boy's cunning, managed
To let all the rest pass by,
Then with Katie slowly loitering,
Hand in hand, I felt the joy
(Stealing now and then a kiss) which
Only is felt by a boy.

And then when the freezing winter
Whitened all the fields with snow,
Nestled in the old brown school-house,
By the huge stove's grateful glow,
Kate and I would sit together
Conning over some "hard part,"
And 'twas thus we fell to stealing—
Katie mine and I her heart.

Recent "Rebel" on Northern Sympathizers.

"A late Confederate officer" details to the Philadelphia *Press* his experience and opinions of sympathizers with the South" whom he has met that city. As his views are applicable to some sons in this vicinity, we give them below, commanding them to the attention of those concerned:

PHILADELPHIA, PA., September 12, 1865.

Mr. Editor—Will you have the kindness to permit me the use of your valuable columns for a few moments that I may lay before *some* of your readers, at least, a grievance which I have sorely felt of late? At the outset I declare myself a "Southern Rebel," late a Confederate officer. I fought the Union army—and I may have fought well or may have fought indifferently. However, I am sure my men fought long, and bravely, too. We were overpowered, and nothing was left but to surrender to your victorious legions. I was paroled and having lost everything of my worldly possessions—my negroes, my houses, my money and all, I came North in hopes of retrieving my fortunes, or at least in some measure alleviating my misery. I arrived in your goodly city a few weeks after General Lee's surrender, and have remained here almost uninterruptedly since that time. My acquaintances here are necessarily few, owing to my brief residence. I will state, however, that among that "limited circle," I can point to a number of ardent Southerners, as they are pleased to call themselves. I frequently hear the expressions, "how I wish the South had been victorious," or "I only wish you had taken Washington," and "how bravely you fought."

Now, Mr. Editor, will you permit me to say to these *pretended* friends that such remarks are highly insulting—they grate harshly on my ears, at least. I am entirely obliged to such people for their laudations; but would just as soon they would maintain silence. The *true* Southron girded on his armor" and marched to his country's rescue. We may have been misguided people, but with "hearts as true as steel," we faced our foes. We asked help of other hands, and we gladly accepted the services of all who offered. But how many of these truculent sympathizers ever gave one iota toward the success of our arms?—How many of them ever braved the danger of a Yankee bullet or a Yankee bayonet? How many of them came to our assistance when every additional man was a tower of strength? *Not one.* A man said to me the other day—

"I wish you had succeeded."

"Do you?" said I.

"Yes, sir," said he, "and I assure you I was with you from the commencement."

"Ah! what regiment did you serve in," queried I.

"Oh, I do not mean that I *fought* with you, but I gave my best wishes to you."

"Well, my friend," said I, half ironically, "how many of our foes were put to rout by *your best wishes?*" He began to realize his unpleasant position, and, without waiting for his reply, I added: "Now, sir, so long as our acquaintance continues, never let me hear you prate about the South again. If you had been the *true friend* you profess yourself, you would have shared the dangers of the men who had the courage and manliness to shoulder a musket and back their assertions by stern fighting."

At this point we separated, and I will only incidentally add, for the benefit of the despicable class of persons to which I allude, that they are sadly mistaken if they think they can gain the friendship of true Southerners by such a course. During the sanguinary struggle, the South did not ask for the sympathy, we wanted men, powder, arms, ammunition, provisions, clothing, dollars and cents. One man in the ranks, one woman in the sick ward, one dollar in the treasury, one charge of powder, or one yard of bandage was worth more than all the gas which has been let off by sneaking, cowardly men and women in the North, who profess such friendship.

The people of the South thought themselves aggrieved, and accepted the arbitrament of war to redress their wrongs. Those who ventured their lives, who sacrificed every dollar they possessed in the world, should be the ones to speak now. We were conquered, and I, among thousands of others, am willing to abide the issue. I am content with my position though almost penniless. I do not ask any aid, and I would most certainly refuse any from *cowards.* I only wish the approval of the public, and I shall endeavor to make an honest living among the people who were once my enemies.

Finally, I trust to God I shall never again hear any sneaking poltroon, man or woman, praising the efforts of the Southern people, and almost in the same breath declaring that they never assisted them in the struggle save by *words.* I admire a man who has fought for his sentiments, but those prating cowards are more loathsome than the veriest worm that I would crush beneath my foot.

MISSISSIPPI RIFLEMAN.

—All the fortifications about Washington are to be dismantled this fall.

Progress Office.

Persons wishing to subscribe for the Daily Progress can do so by calling at the office.

CONVENTION CANDIDATES.

We are authorized to announce Dr. J. W. McCAULEY as a candidate for the approaching Convention for the county of Alamance. sept12-td

We are authorized and requested to announce Mr. PATRICK McGOWAN as a candidate for the office of Principal Doorkeeper of the coming Convention. sept1-td

Peyton P. Williams, of Wake, announces himself a candidate for the office of Assistant Doorkeeper of the coming Convention. aug30-td

John H. HAM, of Randolph, announces himself a candidate for Assistant Doorkeeper of the coming Convention. aug24-td

Daily Standard copy till day.

We are authorized to announce, W. H. HOOD, Esq., as a candidate in the county of Wake, for the next Convention—subject to the action of a county convention, should one be called. aug11-td

We are authorized to announce JOHN L. PENNINGTON, of Wake, as a candidate for the State Convention—subject to a county convention, should one be called. aug11-td

To the Members of the Approaching Convention.—I shall be a candidate for the Principal Clerkship of the N. C. State Convention which meets in Raleigh on the 2d day of October next.

aug5-td Respectfully, JAS. H. MOORE.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE!

The Original and Best Hair Dye in the World! The only true and perfect Hair Dye. Harmless, Reliable and Instantaneous. Produces immediately a splendid Black or natural Brown, without injuring the hair or skin. Remedies the ill effects of bad dyes. Sold by all Druggists. The genuine is signed William A. Batchelor. Also,

REGENERATING EXTRACT OF MILLEFLEURS,

for Restoring and Beautifying the Hair.

aug14-1y CHARLES BATCHELOR, New York.

COLGATE & CO.

Beg to inform their customers that they still continue the manufacture of their various styles of Family and Toilet Soaps, Starch, and Candles.

COLGATE & CO.,

jy31-3m Nos. 53 & 55 John St., New York.

State Convention.

PUBLIC SPEAKING!

MESSRS. W. H. HOOD & J. L. PENNINGTON.

Candidates for the State Convention, will address their fellow citizens at the following times and places where they will be pleased to meet their fellow citizens. Other candidates are invited to attend these appointments:

Green Level,	Monday,	"	18th
Lashly's Cross Roads,	Tuesday,	"	19th
Barney Jones',	Wednesday,	"	20th.
Sept. 6th, 1865.			td.

RUN HERE, RUN HERE!

JUST OPENED.

THE finest saloon in the city is now open at Yarborough House.

For COOL DRINKS call at the YARBOROUGH HOUSE.

RE-OPENED.

THE well known House at the Ferry stand has been re-opened by C. S. JOHNSON.

Best of WINES and LIQUORS, wholesale and retail.

GOOD DRINKS at the bar.

Let customers PLEASE CALL. sept15-tf

The Daily Express,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

HAS entered upon its fifteenth year, in an enlarged form, with new type, under auspices highly flattering. It has a large and daily increasing circulation, and offers to merchants and others desiring to communicate with the Southern public, advantages surpassed by none.

ADVERTISING RATES.

ONE SQUARE.		TWO SQUARES.	
Two weeks	$5 00		$10 00
One month	6 00		12 00
Three Months	15 00		18 00
Six months	24 00		30 00
One year	40 00		60 00

Persons desiring a greater quantity of space than is above designated, will be accommodated on liberal terms.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Single copy (mailed)	5
One month do	75
Three months do	$2 00
Six months do	3 50
One year do	6 00

A. F. ORGTONFIELD & CO.,

aug18-1m Petersburg, Va.

NOTICE.

PERSONS holding claims against the Insane Asylum, are earnestly requested to present them to the undersigned immediately,

ED. A FISHER,

Phy'n. and Superintendent.

Sept. 7—dtw.

TO PRINTERS.

A FIRST-RATE NEW WASHINGTON HAND Press [illegible] Price $150. The press can be seen at the Progress Office. If applied for immediately, will be sold at above price.

J. PENNINGTON.

Sept. 2-tf Progress Office.

WOOD.

WANTED [illegible] cords Pine Wood, to be delivered [illegible]

aug29-tf T. WILLIAMSON & CO.

[illegible] SALE [illegible] AND LOT [illegible] ALSO A BAR [illegible] AT A LOW PRICE.

Apply at the TAX COLLECTOR'S OFFICE.

aug12-tf

[illegible] Dry Goods Store,

Rev. Henry Highland Garnet, Mr. F. Watkins, Postmaster, Henry Wilson, Governor Andrew, the author of *The Anglo-African*, Hon. George S. Boutwell, George Washington Mellen, Hon. Roscoe Conkling, Daniel Pratt, the great American traveler, Hon. James M. Ashley, Postmaster Wineland, W. D. Kelly, Jim Crack, Cora, Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, Susan B. Anthony, Senator Chandler, Senator Gratz Brown, Hon. Dixon, Senator Foster, Henry Winter Davis, Ole Dan Tucker, Henry [illegible], Wendell Phillips and Gerrit Smith, who are to consider this announcement as their invitation, as those mailed may not reach them in time, owing to the irregularity of the mail in this section.

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

WHOLESALE [illegible]

[illegible]

We have just opened in the store and [illegible]

NEW STOCK

which is [illegible] and we invite [illegible] to call.

jy 14-3m

C. W. ROSE & CO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

WINES, LIQUORS, TEAS, COFFEE, SPICES, &c.

BOSTON GROCERIES, FINE ALES

PROVISIONS,

CRAVEN STREET,

(BETWEEN SOUTH FRONT AND POLLOCK)

NEWBERN, N. C.

Merchants and Traders visiting or corresponding will be shipped by express, will have them promptly filled at a slight advance on New York prices. jy14-3m

HOUGH & CO.

(Late W. C. Hamilton & Co.,)

Corner South Front and Middle Streets,

WHOLESALE

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, CROCKERY, FURNITURE AND HARDWARE.

jy 14-6m

Leland, Biglow & Co.,

COMMISSION

—AND—

FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

—AND—

Cotton Factors,

AND DEALERS IN

BAGGING, ROPE, TWINE

AND OTHER GOODS SUITABLE FOR

COTTON PLANTERS,

POLLOCK STREET,

(Near East Front St.,)

NEWBERN, N. C.

jy 14-tf

Borland, Biglow & Co.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

BAGS & BAGGING,

NO. 7 BEAVER STREET,

NEW YORK.

—:o:—

Liberal CASH ADVANCES made on consignments of COTTON, NAVAL STORES and other MERCHANDISE to the above House, by

LELAND, BIGLOW & CO.,

POLLOCK ST., NEAR EAST FRONT ST.,

NEWBERN, N. C.

jy 14-tf

NOTICE TO COTTON PLANTERS.

NEWBERN STEAM

COTTON GIN COMPANY.

THIS COMPANY HAVING MADE LARGE ADDITIONS to their [illegible] and erected [illegible] Warehouse, are prepared to Gin Press, Bale and Gibbs Cotton on very favorable terms the coming season, and would call the attention of cotton growers to the fact that in consequence of the low price of cotton, our prices will be greatly reduced from those of last season, and they will find it for their interest to give us a call. We [illegible] solicit their patronage.

LELAND, BIGLOW & CO.,

Corner Pollock and East Front Sts.,

jy 14-tf Newbern, N. C.

D. T. CARRAWAY.

WM. HARTT.

Hartt & Lewis,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE, HARDWARE, Hollowware, Crockery and Glassware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Carpet Sweepers, Lamps, Kerosene Oil, &c., &c.

44 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

je 24-3m

[illegible]

WHOLESALE [illegible]

CORNER OF POLLOCK AND [illegible]

(The old stand of [illegible])

jy 14-tf

STORE TO RENT.

[illegible] STORE on Craven street, [illegible] Pollock and Middle streets, [illegible] Brewery, Worsted Mill, Cotton Yard and Factory.

jy 14 3m

CALL AND GET OUR CIRCULARS

RICHARDSON'S GOLD CIRCULARS

GIVING THE PRICES OF GOODS

EVERY DAY DURING THE WAR.

IF YOU [illegible]

IF YOU [illegible]

[illegible] L. RICHARDSON.

Hulbert & McLean,

Have removed to the well known

CHEST CUTTERUT STORE,

Corner of Pollock and Middle Sts.,

NEW BERN, N. C.,

And have opened a very large and fresh stock of

DRY GOODS,

OLD THING, BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

AND

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Which they will sell at [illegible]

[illegible]

We also are prepared to receive Consignments of

COTTON and OTHER PRODUCTS,

Make liberal advancements when desired, and ship to our New York market.

The highest market price paid for produce, returns guaranteed in all cases.

REMEMBER THE PLACE:

Hulbert & McLean,

At the large Brick Store,

Corner of Pollock and Middle streets.

New Bern, Aug. 3, 1865-3m

WILEY F. HIGGINS,

Having [illegible] business at [illegible]

Dry Goods Trade,

Would be pleased to see his friends and customers at his

NEW STORE,

Middle St., in the [illegible] Building,

Cor. Pollock and Middle Sts., NEW BERN.

aug3 3m

HUGHES & DILL,

Commission & Shipping Merchants,

Newbern, N. C.

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON, NAVAL STORES and Tobacco, will receive prompt attention.

Agents for Murray's line of Steamships to New York and assisting agents of Ballinger and Philadelphia.

T. J. Hughes, Newbern. C. W. Dill, Newbern.

jy 5-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALES.

MACPHERSON & DONALD SMITH,

[illegible]

[illegible]

EARTHENWARE AND CHEMICAL GLASSWARE FOR CITY AND SOUTHERN USE.

The goods are of improved quality, packed with great care, and [illegible] reliable for packing.

Brewery, Worsted &c. [illegible] put up to order.

jy 15 3m

SWEPSON, HENDERSHALL & CO.,

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

TOBACCO, RAW COTTON, COTTON YARNS, CLOTHS, AND NAVAL STORES,

79 Pearl Street, New York.

Orders solicited for the Purchase of Goods.

Ref'ce: L. Swanson, New York City.
Sam'l G. Hoskins, New York City.
Orrin P. Mendenhall, President Farmer's Bank, Greensboro', N. C.
Thomas J. Sumner, Company's Shops, N. C.
Dan'l Wentz, Company Shops, N. C.
Gen. W. Swepson, Haw River P. O., N. C.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments.

je 21-6m

READ BROTHERS & CO.,

STRAW GOODS, HATS, CAPS, Etc.

—:o:—

380 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK,

W. B. SYMMES.

June 1-6m*

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

ROBT. A. MARTIN. ROBT. TANNAHILL.

MARTIN & TANNAHILL,

129 Sycamore Street, PETERSBURG, VA.,

Will give prompt personal attention to the sale of TOBACCO, COTTON,

WHEAT, CORN,

FLOUR, BACON, &C.

And respectfully solicit consignments from their old friends and the public generally.

We also FILL ORDERS FOR GOODS on the most favorable cash terms. aug7-3m

LUBLIN & STINER,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS,

LEATHER AND FINDINGS,

51 Sycamore street, PETERSBURG, VA

aug24 1m*

Benjamin Tobb, C. C. Pugh and Wm. L. Chilvers, have this day associated themselves together for the purpose of conducting a

General Grocery

AND

COMMISSION BUSINESS,

Under the Firm and style of

TODD, PUGH & CO.,

At the Old Stand of BRITTON, TODD & CO.,

No. 90 Sycamore st., PETERSBURG, VA.

where they will be pleased to see their old friends and the public generally.

They will keep on hand a well selected stock of GROCERIES.

They also solicit consignments of Country Produce and Goods generally. Liberal advances made on all goods sent them on consignment.

From the long experience of our Messrs. B. Todd and C. C. Pugh, we hope to merit a liberal share of public patronage.

BENJAMIN TODD,
C. C. PUGH,
WM. L. CHILVERS.

aug 1m*

N. C. COMMISSION HOUSE.

ANDREWS & BARDIN,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

The undersigned have established a Commission and Forwarding House in Wilmington, and offer their services for the sale of Cotton, Naval Stores, Shootings, Yarns, Tobacco, Rice, Flour, &c. &c. and to purchase for merchants or others any goods sold in the market. Consignments and orders respectfully solicited.

W. B. G. ANDREWS, late of Goldsboro. BENJ. H. BARDIN, Lowell Cotton Mills.

Office—No 2 South Water st., up stairs.

aug31 1m*

Office Chief Commissary of Subsistence, Department of North Carolina, Raleigh, N. C., September 5, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS, in duplicate, will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, m. on Saturday the 16th inst., for the purchase of 250 gallons BOURBON and 250 gallons RECTIFIED WHISKY now in store in New Berne, and 250 gallons RECTIFIED WHISKY, now in store in Raleigh, Wilmington and Fayetteville.

Bids will be received for the whole or any part (not less than one barrel) of each of the above lots.

The right is reserved to reject all bids if required.

Bids will be addressed by applying to Capt. W. L. Pa[illegible] C. S. at New Berne, or Capt. S. W. Chandler, C. S. at Raleigh, Wilmington or Fayetteville. Successful bidders will be required to remove the Whisky before the 30th day of September, 1865, in default of which the Government will not be responsible for [illegible]

Each bidder will have a copy of this advertisement returned and will be required on the envelope, "Proposals for [illegible]

[illegible] W. HARRISON,

[illegible] U. S. A.,

Chief Com. Subs. of N. C.

sept 9 td

[illegible] PLAINS.

[illegible] Fayetteville Street.

LATEST NEWS.

RUMOR OF WIRZ'S DEATH.

Changes in the Cabinet.

SENATOR WILSON AND PRESIDENT JOHNSON

R. M. T. Hunter to be Pardoned.

GREAT FIRE IN AUGUSTA, MAINE.

DAVIS IN BETTER QUARTERS.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

From Northern papers received last night we extract th following:

It was falsely reported in Washington on the 16th that Wirz had died in his prison during the preceding night.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger* says th t the time is not distant when there will be an entire reconstruction of the Cabinet. The members whose "time will have come" are Messrs. Stanton Harlan, Speed an Judge Advocate Holt. You may rely upon what I assert. It is the President's wish that his Cabinet shall be a perfectly armonious one, or as nearly so as possible, and when all is ready the change will be made and the new members duly announced.

Paymaster M. F. Webb, convicted of the illegitimate purchase of soldiers' check books, has been sentenced to dismissal from the service, to pay a fine of one thousand dollars and to suffer imprisonment in the Concord penitentiary until the latter is paid

Senator Wilson had an interview with the President on the 25th and a free interchange of opinion is reported to have ensued in relation to the policy of reconstruction, and the cause of Mr. Wilson's supposed disaffection to the administration. The Massachusetts Senator remarked afterwards to a friend that however he might differ from the President on questions of expediency, yet the latter was unquestionably honest in his intentions to perpetuate the Union by conciliating the South, and that he had his respect for intending right, however he might fail in accomplishing the object. Mr. Johnson will doubtless feel duly thankful for the Senators patronizing condescension.

A Washington correspondent says that President Johnson has promised a pardon and full restoretion of his property to R. M. T. Hunter of Virginia, but not now. He must wait awhile. The promise of a pardon at a future day was secured through the intercession of his wife, whom the President received with even more than his usual kindness.

A telegram from Augusta, Maine, says a destructive fire broke out there that day. Every lawyers office in the city, all the banks, two hotels, the postoffice, express and telegraph offices, and all the dry goods stores, book stores and clothing stores in the city, the United States Quartermaster, Commissary and Pension offices, the new depot, yet unfinished, the Age newspaper office, and many other buildings, in all numbering more than forty, occupied as places of business by more than one hundred individuals and firms were burned. Many saved portions of the whole of their stocks, while others lost everything.

The Norfolk *Post* of Friday last, says:

Jefferson Davis was yesterday transferred from his casemate prison to a room in Carroll Hall, in Fortress Monroe. The change was made necessary owing to the declining health of the late President. Carroll Hall is, perhaps, the most comfortable building in the fort, and instead of being limited to a port-hole view of the world. Mr. Davis will now be enabled to survey the entire parade ground from his prison window.

Hon. Herschel V. Johnston of Georgia, passed through Baltimore a few days ago on his return from a visit to Alexander H. Stephens, at Fort Warren, and reports him in ordinary health, having the freedom of the fort, and the privilege of receiving such friends as he desires. His brother, Linton Stephens, remains at Fort Warren, and is permitted to sleep in his brother's apartments and join him in his walks for exercise. Mr. Stephens will probably not be pardoned until after a settlement of the political status of the Southern States.

Major General Slocum, in accordance with instructions from the President, issued an order, under date of the 4th inst., revoking his previous one forbidding the enrolment of the State troops called for by Provisional Governor Sharkey's proclamation.—The General says at the time he issued the prohibitory order he believed it to be in accordance with the policy of the government.

It is said that Governor Parsons, of Alabama, is in favor of the constitutional convention, now in session at Montgomery, making provision for the admittance of negro testimony in the courts of the State.

General Swayne, Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau for Alabama, has issued orders, which have been approved by General Wood, the military commander, and Provisional Governor Parsons, directing that all contracts for labor between the planters and negroes, to be binding, must be reduced to writing; that for the protection of the latter class these contracts will form a lien on the crops, and that for the protection of the planters all the negroes who refuse to comply with the stipulations will be arrested as vagrants, and compelled to resume work.

Sheriff A. R. Grier, of Atlanta, a relative of Hon A. H. Stephens, has received a letter from him. Annexed is an extract from it, "I am a great deal better in health than when I wrote to you last. My release, from confinement did me great good, and since that I have been put in much more comfortable quarters. I am now getting along very well; but language cannot express how earnestly I desire to be at home."

Charleston papers of the 13th state that Governor Aiken received a full and complete pardon from the President on the 11th instant.

By the first of October, it is thought communication by rail between Charleston and Columbia will be restored.

The Confederate bond-holders held a meeting in London on the 4th, and debated their prospects. Some of the speakers even contended that the Federal Government were responsible. A committee was appointed to make inquiries and report at another meeting on the 16th of October. The proceedings afforded so little ground for hope that the bonds declined 1 per cent.

"Does any of it tell?"

"That's true; you have very little nothing to work with."

"What must be done?"

"You must return to your bank and abstract another hundred thousand."

"What must I do that for?"

"To preserve your character and save you from going to the State prison. With the hundred thousand dollars you intend to steal to-morrow, I intend to compromise with the bank. Your stealings after to-morrow will amount to $200,000. I will call at the bank and confess your offence; I will represent myself as your heart-broken uncle, "honest but poor;" I will offer the bank $50,000 to hush up the matter. The bank will accept.—This will leave $50,000 to divide between you and me—that is, $25,000 apiece. With this sum you can retire from business.

The young man listened and took on wisdom.—He doubled his defalcation, and compromised as the lawyer said he should. He is now worth $250,000, and is counted "on of the most respectable gentlemen in the city of New York."

DEATH OF JUDGE HALIBURTON.—Thomas Chandler Haliburton, better known to the world as "Sam Slick, the Clockmaker," is one of two celebrated men whose deaths are announced by the last steamer. He was born at Windsor, Nova Scotia, in 1796, was educated at King's College, and called to the bar in his native county. Subsequently he was chosen to the House of Assembly, and afterward filled the office of Chief Justice of the Common Pleas and of the Supreme Court, Nova Scotia. His first literary adventure gave him a name, when, in 1835, he contributed to a weekly paper a series of articles, designed to caricature the Yankee character and to the title "Lucubrations of Sam Slick the Clockmaker." They were soon after collected in a volume, which, under the title of "The Clockmaker, or Sayings and Doings of Samuel Slick of Slickville," had a wide circulation both in England and the United States. His visit to England in 1842 produced "The Attache, or Sam Slick in England," in 2 vols. 8vo., which were subsequently increased to four. In 1858, Oxford gave him the degree of D. C. L., and in 1859 he was chosen M. P. for Launceston, as a Conservative. Since that time he has been a resident of England. Besides the work above-mentioned, he published "Historical and Statistical Account of Nova Scotia," "Letters to Lord Durham;" "Bubbles of Canada;" "The Letter Bag of the Great Western;" "The Old Judge, or Life in a Colony;" "Rule and Misrule of the English in America;" "Nature and Human Nature;" "Yankee Stories," and "Traits of American Humor." But none of his numerous works added much to the fame which he derived from his first, and it is by that he will continue to be known.

—The Toledo (O.) *Record* learns "that General Schenck, the other night, in that town, denounced with great vehemence the Mississippi Convention, and announced that no such convention should ever be allowed to restore any Southern State to the Union."

HOTELS AND BOARDING HOUSES.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

HILLSBORO' STREET.

RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS popular Hotel, situated on the finest street in the beautiful "City of Oaks," has already earned the reputation, under the management of its experienced Proprietors of being the best Hotel in the South. It is located within a few yards of the State Capitol, and is near the business part of the city.

If pleasant and clean beds, a liberal table and respectful and attentive servants will make guests comfortable, these can be counted on at the Exchange Hotel.

sept13-tf RANDALL & CO., Proprietors.

JARRATT'S HOTEL,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

(TERMINUS OF WELDON RAILROAD.)

PLATT & SIMMONS, Proprietors.

Jas. H. Platt, Jr. aug7-3m Geo. C Simmons

Metropolitan Hotel,

GREENSBORO', N. C.

KEOGH & CRANE ..... Proprietors.

Messrs. KEOGH & CRANE having refitted and furnished throughout the popular hotel in Greensboro known as the Brittain House, have opened it under the above name.

They will spare no pains or expense to make it the best hotel in the State. aug29dlm

McCOMBIE & CHILD,

Commission Merchants.

No. 11 Water Street, New York.

Liberal advances made on Cotton, Naval Stores, &c.

HULBERT & McLEAN, Agents,

sept18 3m New Berne, N. C

KEMP P. BATTLE. J. M. HECK. B. S. WILLIAMSON

NORTH CAROLINA LAND AGENCY.

BATTLE, HECK & CO.,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

WILL BUY, SELL AND LEASE, ADJUST titles of, pay taxes on, and take general care of all kinds of real estate, gold, copper, land, iron and other mines, water powers, &c., &c.

Through reliable agents in every county accurate information will be given about particular localities, tracts of land, &c.

Will likewise undertake collection of debts in North Carolina and elsewhere, by suit or otherwise.

Communications CONFIDENTIAL. Commissions and charges moderate. [sept14-tf

All papers in the State copy four times and send bill.

DR. B. F. GARDNER.

(Formerly of Texas)

WOULD respectfully offer his professional services to the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country.

Office at the residence of Mr. Henry Lemington, near North Carolina depot. sept14 3m*

WIRE, NAIL ROD AND SHEET IRON.

1000 POUNDS WIRE, running from No. 0 to 20.
2000 do Nail Rod Iron
2000 do Sheet do
2000 do Plantation do, from 3 to 8 Inches wide
1000 do Horse Shoe Iron
4000 do Shoeing Spike Iron

For sale by B. F. WILLIAMSON & CO.,
sept18-tf Commission Merchants.

DRY GOODS
Boots and Shoes
HATS AND CAPS,
Groceries, &c., &c.

Having made arrangements with a prominent house in New York, they are enabled to sell to the trade at (time the

LATEST STYLES OF GOODS.

which they will sell at reasonable prices as low as any establishment in the State. aug21 3m

NEW GOODS
FOR FALL AND WINTER, 1865.

A. CREECH

Has the pleasure to inform his friends and customers and the public generally, that he has just returned from New York, where he has selected with great care a large and good assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

Embracing the newest styles and latest importations. Together with

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Hoop Skirts, Ladies' and Misses' Straw Hats, trimmed; Ladies Untrimmed Bonnets, &c., &c.

I have also in addition to my stock of Dry Goods, a very

SUPERIOR STOCK OF GROCERIES,

which will be sold at prices so as to insure sale.

I have opened in the R. SMITH BUILDING, formerly occupied by Creech & Litchford, commission merchants and auctioneers, corner of Margot and Fayetteville streets.

I am not going to puff and blow, and say that I bought more goods than any man living, and can sell cheaper than any other man or sell more. Nor do I pretend to say that I can cut a man's head off and stick it on again with wax, that he will live, walk and talk again. I deal in no such humbug, but I say CALL and LOOK for yourselves. I will deal with you honestly and treat you right.

I return my thanks for your liberal patronage which I have received for the last fifteen years. I hope by honest dealing, and strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same. A. CREECH.

sept18 2w

JUST RECEIVED
AT
GEO. Z FRENCH & CO.'S,
Fayetteville Street,

A FINE assortment of WINES, LIQUORS, GROCERIES, &c., &c., consisting in part of

Sherry, Port, Madeira, and Rhine WINES; Cognac, Catawba and Blackberry BRANDY; Jamaica and St. Croix RUM; Old Rye GIN; Bourbon and Rye WHISKY;

Drake's Plantation, Baker's and Stoughton BITTERS; Ale, Porter, Cider and Congress Water.

Cigars and Tobacco, Oranges and Lemons.

Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Flour, Lard, Butter, Mackerel, Pickles, Soap, Candles, Molasses, and a great variety of fine GROCERIES, Spices, Sago, Tapioca, Prunes, Raisins, Soda, Saleratus, Sardines, &c., &c.

Also, a fine assortment of

Clothing,
Gents' Furnishing Goods,
BOOTS AND SHOES,

TOILET SOAP, PERFUMERY, &c., &c.

All of which will be sold very low for cash. Orders from the country filled at short notice.

GIVE US A CALL

GEO. Z FRENCH & CO.,
sept19-tf Fayetteville street, Raleigh.

Removal
TO W. L. POMEROY'S BOOKSTORE.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of Raleigh that he has removed to the above named store, where he is daily receiving goods and offers them for sale cheap for cash, consisting of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Dress Trimmings and Ribbons.

Bleached and unbleached Domestic Table Damask and Napkins, Irish Linen and Bird's Eye Diaper Jeans, Paper and Cotton Cambric,

Ladies,' Gents,' and Misses' BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, BONNETS AND CAPS.

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

Cutlery, Perfumery, Jewelry and Notions.

READY MADE CLOTHING,
for Gents, Youths and Boys.

M. ROSENBAUM,
W. L. Pomeroy's Book Store,
sept18 1m Fayetteville street, Raleigh N. C.

Dental Notice.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country that he has opened an office over P. F. Pescud's Drug Store, where he will be pleased to wait upon all who may favor him with their patronage. Particular attention paid to the preservation of the natural teeth. Artificial Teeth Inserted on the most approved principles of practice.

aug16 4m* J. H. CRAWFORD

NOTICE TO THE JUSTICES OF THE PEACE IN WAKE COUNTY.

IN obedience to an order made by a called Court which met at the Court House on the 5th day of Sept. 1865, you are requested to meet at the Court House in the city of Raleigh on Saturday, the 30th inst. to transact important business. J. J. FERRELL, C. C. C.

sept18-td

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

THE stockholders of the Farmers Insurance Company are hereby notified that no premium notes or by-posts will be paid in after the 1st day of October next.

This notice is given in accordance with a resolution passed in their meeting by the delegates in the annual Convention.

sept18 3w1 T. [illegible]

NOTICE.

THE North Carolina Mutual Insurance Company will meet with the Citizens Bank of Raleigh on Thursday, the 5th of October, at 9 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year.

Raleigh, Sept 18 4t

Groceries,

Having made arrangements with a prominent house in New York, they are enabled to sell to the trade at (time the

LATEST STYLES OF GOODS.

which they will sell at reasonable prices as low as any establishment in the State. aug21 3m

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FOR FALL AND WINTER, 1865.

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I am not going to puff and blow, and say that I bought more goods than any man living, and can sell cheaper than any other man or sell more. Nor do I pretend to say that I can cut a man's head off and stick it on again with wax, that he will live, walk and talk again. I deal in no such humbug, but I say CALL and LOOK for yourselves. I will deal with you honestly and treat you right.

I return my thanks for your liberal patronage which I have received for the last fifteen years. I hope by honest dealing, and strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same. A. CREECH.

sept18 2w

NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.

Change of Time.

ON AND AFTER 7:40 P. M., Sunday, August 13th, 1865, Passenger Trains will run as follows, to and from Goldsboro:

GOING WEST:

MAIL TRAIN:

Leave Raleigh,		7.40 P. M.
" Greensboro,		3.17 A. M.
" Salisbury,		6.40 "
Arrive Charlotte,		10.10 "

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN:

Leave Raleigh,		7.30 A. M.
" Greensboro,		12.05 P. M.
" Salisbury,		3.02 "
Arrive Charlotte,		6.30 "

GOING EAST:

MAIL TRAIN:

Leave Charlotte,		3.00 P. M.
" Salisbury,		6.35 "
" Greensboro,		10.15 "
Arrive Raleigh,		1.30 A. M.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN:

Leave Charlotte,		3.35 A. M.
" Salisbury,		9.00 "
" Greensboro,		1.05 P. M.
Arrive Raleigh,		7.30 "

Passengers for Petersburg and City Point, connecting with the Express Steamer for Northern points.

Passengers for Western or Southern points will leave Petersburg at 6.30 o'clock a. m., arrive at Greensboro 11 a. m., [illegible] Express train, arrive at Raleigh 7 p. m.

Leave Raleigh at 7.40 p. m. and 6 a. m.

Passengers are respectfully requested to get tickets before entering the cars.

No trains on this Railroad run Sunday.

By Order of the Board of Managers.

R. WILLIAMS,
Sup't Transportation N. C. R. R.

A. JOHNSON,
Sup't Machine & Repairs N. C. R. R.

S. S. BUTLER,
Sup't Petersburg & Weldon R. R.

aug21-tf

*** Raleigh Standard, Sentinel, Recorder, Gazette, Union Banner and Progress; Express publish daily. Charlotte Democrat and Greensboro Patriot publish weekly, till forbid. A. J., Sup't R. & G. R. R.

SCHEDULE
RALEIGH AND GASTON RAILROAD,

To take effect Tuesday, June 27, 1865.

GOING NORTH:

MAIL TRAIN:

Leave	Raleigh	6.00 A. M.
"	Mill Brook	6.25 "
"	Huntsville	6.40 "
"	Wake	6.55 "
"	Franklinton	7.20 "
"	Kittrell's	8.00 "
"	Henderson	8.30 "
"	Junction	8.50 "
"	Ridgeway	9.10 "
"	Warrenton	9.30 "
"	Manson	9.50 "
"	Littleton	10.10 "
"	Gaston	10.30 "
Arrive	Weldon	1.00 P. M.

GOING SOUTH:

MAIL TRAIN:

Leave	Weldon	10.00 A. M.
"	Gaston	12.30 P. M.
"	Littleton	12.50 "
"	Manson	1.10 "
"	Warrenton	1.30 "
"	Ridgeway	1.50 "
"	Junction	2.10 "
"	Henderson	2.30 "
"	Kittrell's	2.50 "
"	Franklinton	3.10 "
"	Wake	3.35 "
"	Huntsville	3.50 "
"	Mill Brook	4.05 "
Arrive	Raleigh	4.30 "

aug14-tf

Notice.

OFFICE OF THE PE[illegible] R. & G. R.

THE following [illegible] to transport Passengers, Va. on and after this date:

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Groceries,

Having made arrangements with a prominent house in New York, they are enabled to sell to the trade at (time the

LATEST STYLES OF GOODS.

which they will sell at reasonable prices as low as any establishment in the State. aug21 3m

NEW GOODS
FOR FALL AND WINTER, 1865.

A. CREECH

Has the pleasure to inform his friends and customers and the public generally, that he has just returned from New York, where he has selected with great care a large and good assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

Embracing the newest styles and latest importations. Together with

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Hoop Skirts, Ladies' and Misses' Straw Hats, trimmed; Ladies Untrimmed Bonnets, &c., &c.

I have also in addition to my stock of Dry Goods, a very

SUPERIOR STOCK OF GROCERIES,

which will be sold at prices so as to insure sale.

I have opened in the R. SMITH BUILDING, formerly occupied by Creech & Litchford, commission merchants and auctioneers, corner of Margot and Fayetteville streets.

I am not going to puff and blow, and say that I bought more goods than any man living, and can sell cheaper than any other man or sell more. Nor do I pretend to say that I can cut a man's head off and stick it on again with wax, that he will live, walk and talk again. I deal in no such humbug, but I say CALL and LOOK for yourselves. I will deal with you honestly and treat you right.

I return my thanks for your liberal patronage which I have received for the last fifteen years. I hope by honest dealing, and strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same. A. CREECH.

sept18 2w

JUST RECEIVED
AT
GEO. Z FRENCH & CO.'S,
Fayetteville Street,

A FINE assortment of WINES, LIQUORS, GROCERIES, &c., &c., consisting in part of

Sherry, Port, Madeira, and Rhine WINES; Cognac, Catawba and Blackberry BRANDY; Jamaica and St. Croix RUM; Old Rye GIN; Bourbon and Rye WHISKY;

Drake's Plantation, Baker's and Stoughton BITTERS; Ale, Porter, Cider and Congress Water.

Cigars and Tobacco, Oranges and Lemons.

Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Flour, Lard, Butter, Mackerel, Pickles, Soap, Candles, Molasses, and a great variety of fine GROCERIES, Spices, Sago, Tapioca, Prunes, Raisins, Soda, Saleratus, Sardines, &c., &c.

Also, a fine assortment of

Clothing,
Gents' Furnishing Goods,
BOOTS AND SHOES,

TOILET SOAP, PERFUMERY, &c., &c.

All of which will be sold very low for cash. Orders from the country filled at short notice.

GIVE US A CALL

GEO. Z FRENCH & CO.,
sept19-tf Fayetteville street, Raleigh.

Removal
TO W. L. POMEROY'S BOOKSTORE.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of Raleigh that he has removed to the above named store, where he is daily receiving goods and offers them for sale cheap for cash, consisting of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Dress Trimmings and Ribbons.

Bleached and unbleached Domestic Table Damask and Napkins, Irish Linen and Bird's Eye Diaper Jeans, Paper and Cotton Cambric,

Ladies,' Gents,' and Misses' BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, BONNETS AND CAPS.

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

Cutlery, Perfumery, Jewelry and Notions.

READY MADE CLOTHING,
for Gents, Youths and Boys.

M. ROSENBAUM,
W. L. Pomeroy's Book Store,
sept18 1m Fayetteville street, Raleigh N. C.

Dental Notice.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country that he has opened an office over P. F. Pescud's Drug Store, where he will be pleased to wait upon all who may favor him with their patronage. Particular attention paid to the preservation of the natural teeth. Artificial Teeth Inserted on the most approved principles of practice.

aug16 4m* J. H. CRAWFORD

NOTICE TO THE JUSTICES OF THE PEACE IN WAKE COUNTY.

IN obedience to an order made by a called Court which met at the Court House on the 5th day of Sept. 1865, you are requested to meet at the Court House in the city of Raleigh on Saturday, the 30th inst. to transact important business. J. J. FERRELL, C. C. C.

sept18-td

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

THE stockholders of the Farmers Insurance Company are hereby notified that no premium notes or by-posts will be paid in after the 1st day of October next.

This notice is given in accordance with a resolution passed in their meeting by the delegates in the annual Convention.

sept18 3w1 T. [illegible]

NOTICE.

THE North Carolina Mutual Insurance Company will meet with the Citizens Bank of Raleigh on Thursday, the 5th of October, at 9 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year.

Raleigh, Sept 18 4t

Groceries,

AND

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

—for—

Cash.

—:o:—

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES

MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS TO

ARTHUR LEARY, - - - NEW YORK.

—:o:—

SIGHT DRAFTS ON NEW YORK

Bought and Sold.

—:o:—

AGENT FOR THE

NEW YORK AND WILMINGTON

Line Steamships

Commander

AND

Starlight.

aug14-3m

THE UNION STORE,

(LATE OLD STORE.)

THE FIRST OF A LARGE ESTABLISHMENT IN TOWN NOW OPEN.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK, CONSISTING OF ALL KINDS OF

FANCY GOODS, SEGARS, TOBACO AND PIPES,

CUTLERY, CARRIAGES.

LADIES SHOES OF ALL DESCRIPTION.

AND OTHER ARTICLES TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION.

—:o:—

Raleigh, N. C., June 28, 1865-tf

MURRAY & NEPHEW,

COMMISSION AND SHIPPING MERCHANTS,

AND AGENTS FOR MURRAY'S NORTH CAROLINA STEAMSHIP LINE,

68 South Street, New York.

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON AND NAVAL STORES will receive our special attention. Consignments of Flour, Bacon, Corn, &c., solicited. REFER TO GEO. W. DILL, Morehead, who will give information as to our standing, &c.

Having been in the North Carolina trade for over twenty years, we feel competent to give satisfaction to all who favor us with their consignments.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments. Weekly and four market journals furnished.

C. H. Delamar & Co.,

(Formerly of Baltimore,)

GENERAL COMMISSION

AND

Shipping Merchants,

No. 46 South Street, NEW YORK.

Refer to Messrs. [illegible], Toronto, Can.

Consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, &c., solicited and advancements promptly made.

sept18-3m